

Corporate Governance Policy

By

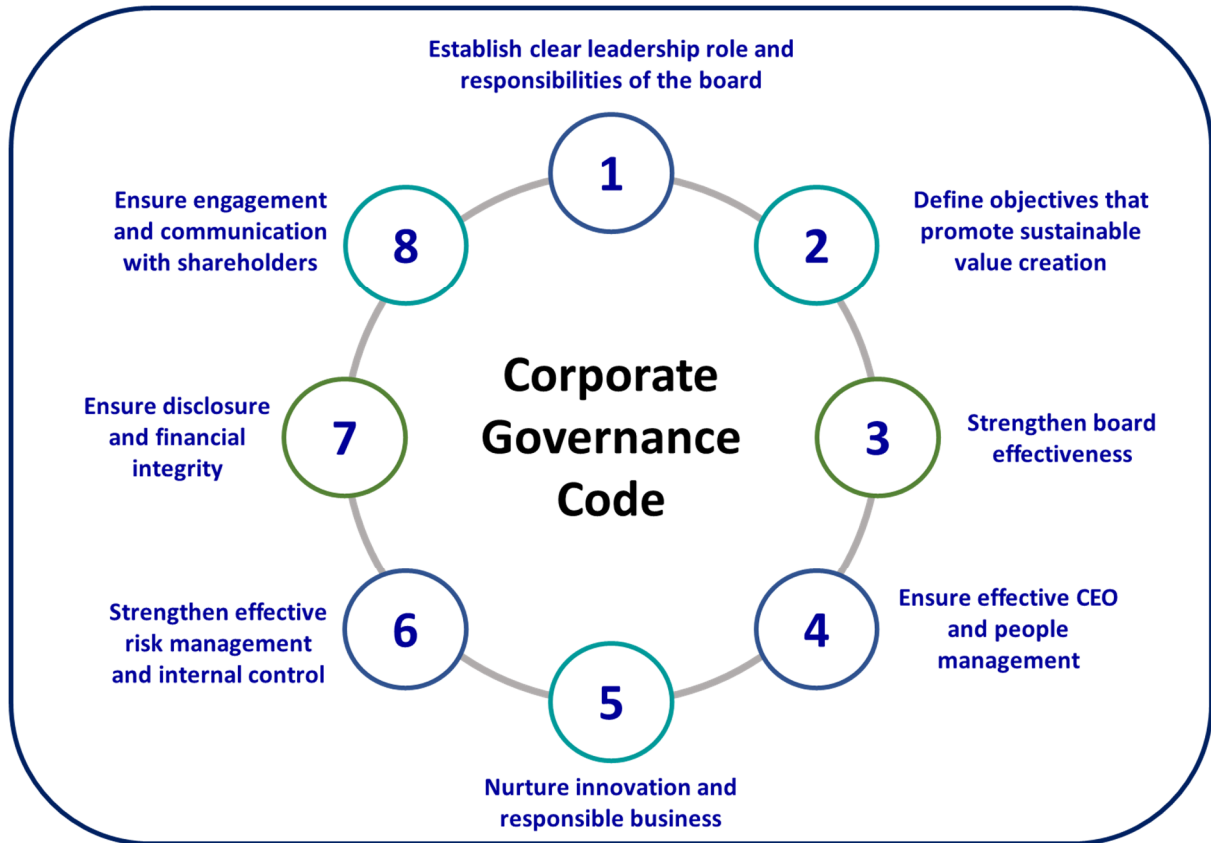
Lam Soon (Thailand) Public Company Limited

6. Corporate Governance Policy

The Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) with the collaboration of the Task Force for Sustainability in Listed Companies has developed the Corporate Governance Code 2017 (the “CG CODE”) by integrating Environmental, Social, and Governance issues (ESG) into the business process for the Board of Directors, as the leader and governing body of a listed company, who can apply as a guideline to supervise the listed company to conduct the business with integrity, respect for the rights, responsibilities for stakeholders, development or reduction of negative impacts on the environment as well as the adaptation to any changing conditions. This is in accordance with sustainable development under the philosophy of Sufficiency Economy.

6.1 Overview of the Policy and Guidelines

Lam Soon (Thailand) Public Company Limited (LST) recognises the importance of Corporate Governance Code in promoting transparency in operations, fair and equitable treatment to all stakeholders as well as an efficient management system in parallel with Corporate Social and Environment Responsibility aiming at the Company’s long-term sustainable value creation. The Board of Directors therefore considered the application of the CG CODE Principles as deemed appropriate and resolved to apply the Principles by means that are suitable for the Company’s business. If any of the Principles cannot be applied or are not applicable, an explanation shall be provided at the Board Meeting.



8 Principles of the Corporate Governance Code

Principle 1	Establish Clear Leadership Role and Responsibilities of the Board
Principle 2	Define Objectives that Promote Sustainable Value Creation
Principle 3	Strengthen Board Effectiveness
Principle 4	Ensure Effective CEO and People Management
Principle 5	Nurture Innovation and Responsible Business
Principle 6	Strengthen Effective Risk Management and Internal Control
Principle 7	Ensure Disclosure and Financial Integrity
Principle 8	Ensure Engagement and Communication with Shareholders

6.1.1 Policy and guidelines related to the Board of Directors

The Board has assigned the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee to develop an action plan and measures for monitoring to ensure implementation, assessment of compliance, and recommending improvement on the CG CODE as appropriate.

(1) Procedure for Director Nomination

The Nomination Committee shall have the duty to recommend names of suitable candidates for the Board and shareholders' meeting to elect as directors according to the Company's Articles of Association. The Nomination Committee shall undertake the task of identifying, evaluating, selecting and proposing new nominees to the Board.

The Board of Directors shall consider that the candidates possess experience suitable for the post of directorship, to assist the Board to act prudently as well as capability to make rational business decisions, strategic thinking, leadership, and expertise in the profession, honesty and suitable personal qualification.

The foremost criteria for nominating director candidates shall be the candidates' skills and experiences, professional qualification, business knowledge and experience as well as personal qualities and integrity. Consideration shall also be given to the benefits of diversity such as gender, age, ethnicity, and nationality.

(2) Remuneration of Directors and Executives

(2.1) Remuneration of Directors

The Remuneration Committee shall consider the criteria and principle and the form of remuneration for directors and make its recommendation to the Board. The Remuneration of directors shall be approved by the shareholders' meeting. Comparison shall be made to other companies in the same industry, of the same experience, commitment, scopes of roles and responsibilities as well as the remuneration survey of other companies listed on the SET. The remuneration shall be set at a level sufficient to attract and retain qualified persons.

(2.2) Remuneration of Executives

The remuneration of Executives shall be in accordance with guidelines and policy set by the Remuneration Committee from time to time. The

remuneration shall be commensurate to job scope competence and the performance of the Company. The Remuneration Committee shall recommend the appropriateness of remuneration to the Board for review and approval. The remuneration structure rewards individual performance and incentivises the Executive Directors, Managing Director and key executives to act in support of the Company's objectives and goals, and fosters the long-term commitment of the Company performance.

(3) The independence of the Board of Directors from the Management

The Board of Directors consists of 4 independent directors, 1 non-independent and non-executive director, 1 non-executive director and 3 executive directors, with the number of independent directors exceeding the minimum criteria set by the SEC.

Non-executive directors may hold meetings among themselves without the management present at the meeting in order to discuss management issues of interest. The result of the meeting shall be reported to the Managing Director.

(4) The director development

(4.1) Board and Management Training

The Company arranges orientation for new directors and management, which includes factory tour to observe production processes as well as introduction to the nature of business of the Company and its subsidiaries. The following documents would be provided to the new directors:-

1. Listed Company Director Handbook containing topics such as roles and responsibilities, restrictions that directors should not do as they are prohibited by relevant law, roles and responsibilities of sub-committees
2. Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Code of Business Conduct of the Company
3. Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company
4. The latest annual registration statement / annual report (Form 56-1 One Report)

Furthermore, the Board of Directors has a policy to encourage and promote continuous training and development of directors, Managing Director, executives, and employees, which is relevant to their roles to enhance their knowledge, skills and useful experiences related to the operation including useful information related to the business that will drive the Company toward its goals.

(4.2) Succession Plan

The Company has prepared for succession plan by recruiting management trainees to develop knowledge and ability for being company future executives. In addition, the Company assigns the following persons to take charge and act on behalf in case the Managing Director is unable to function, namely,

1. Vice President – Account and Finance to act and make decision regarding the finance and accounting of the Company;
2. Ms. Piyathida Sukchan to act and make decision in other matters of the Company.

(5) The assessment of duty performance of directors

(5.1) Board Self-Assessment

The Company shall have the Board assess themselves using the assessment form of the SET's Corporate Governance Center. The assessment will be done once each year in December. Each director shall hand in the completed assessment form to the Company Secretary to compile and report to the Board so that improvement can be considered.

(5.2) Assessment of Managing Director

The Board of Directors conducts an annual performance assessment of Managing Director by determining the Key Performance Indicators reflected by the Company's operating performance in both quantitative and qualitative terms. The Remuneration Committee, comprises majority of whom are independent directors and its Chairman is an independent director, is responsible to consider such key indicators which are transparent and suitable with the business of the Company. Categories of the assessment are as follows:-

1. Leadership
2. Strategic planning and performance
3. Financial planning and financial performance
4. Relationship with the Board of Directors
5. Risk management and internal control
6. Wealth creation to shareholders

(6) Supervision of subsidiaries, associated companies, and joint venture

The Company can appoint senior executives to hold directorship or executive positions in subsidiary, associated companies, joint venture or other related companies in the group of companies. This is to supervise the management to be in accordance with the principles of good governance and for the maximum benefit of the group of companies. However, in case of holding positions in companies other than those in the same group, prior approval must be obtained from the Managing Director.

6.1.2 Policy and guidelines related to shareholders and stakeholders

(1) Equitable Treatment of Shareholders

- Regardless of their gender, age, skin color, race, nationality, religion, belief, political preference, or any physical handicap, the Company values all shareholders by protecting their fundamental rights equally and fairly, including applies the one share one vote principle to ensure the investment confidence.

- The Company shall provide a proxy form B, in which a shareholder can give comments on his votes, enclosed in the meeting notices stating clearly the required documents and procedure for appointment of proxy to attend the meeting. A shareholder who cannot attend the meeting in person but would like to exercise his voting right may appoint another person as proxy to attend and vote at the meeting. He may also appoint an independent director as his proxy.
- The Company establishes the policy for prevention of utilising insider information, and informs the same to employees, executives, and directors.
- The Company discloses business connected transactions with its subsidiary, which is normal business on fair and at arm's length basis.

(2) Right of Shareholders

- The Company shall hold an Annual General Meeting of Shareholders (AGM) within 4 months of the end of the Company's fiscal year. The meeting will consider the annual registration statement / annual report (Form 56-1 One Report) of the Board of Directors presenting the operational performance of the past year, statements of financial position, statements of comprehensive income, dividend distribution and legal reserve appropriation, election of directors to fill the vacancy caused by expiration of service term, director's remuneration, appointment of auditor and auditor's remuneration.
- For Annual General Meeting of Shareholders (AGM), the Company shall separate the agendas between the appointment of directors and the director's remuneration. The Company provides the ballot to shareholders or applies an electronic platform (as the case may be) to use for proposing candidates and voting directors as an individual.
- The Company shall hold an extraordinary general meeting of shareholders as the Board of Directors thinks fit. One or more shareholders holding shares in aggregate of at least ten (10) percent of the total number of issued shares may together join the name list in writing to request to the Board of Directors to call for an extraordinary meeting at any time. However, it is necessary to specify the subject and the reasons for calling such meeting to be clearly stated in such request. The Board of Directors shall proceed to call a shareholders' meeting to be held within forty-five days from the date of receipt of such request from the said shareholders.
- The Company shall disclose the Board resolutions regarding the determination of AGM date and the meeting agendas with the reasonable details through the SET online system and the Company's website no later than the next working day after the Board having resolution.
- In calling a shareholders' meeting, the Company shall prepare a written notice calling the meeting that states the place, date, time, agenda of the meeting and the matters to be proposed to the meeting with reasonable details by indicating clearly whether it is the matter proposed for information, for approval or for consideration, as the case may be, including the opinions of the Board of Directors in the said matters, and the said notice shall be delivered to the shareholders and the Registrar for their information at least 21 days prior to the date of the meeting.

- At a shareholders' meeting, in order to constitute a quorum, there shall be shareholders and proxies (if any) amounting to not less than 25 persons and holding shares amounting to not less than one-third of the total number of shares issued. The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall be the chairman of the meeting and conducting the meeting according to the sequence in the agenda stated in the meeting notice, and it is the policy not to add items to the agenda without advance notice to shareholders.
- In a regular agenda, the ballot shall be used in the event any shareholder would like to cast a negative vote or abstain from voting. The ballot shall always be used in important agenda such as election of directors, approving connected transactions, acquisition or disposal of assets, amendment of memorandum of association and articles of association.
- The Company shall ensure that shareholders have the opportunity to propose the agenda for AGM as it deems material and beneficial including to propose candidate for selection as director in advance, and to submit questions which are related to the Company prior the meeting date, the procedures of which are published on the Company's website.
- Adequate time shall be allocated for the meeting and equal opportunities provided for shareholders to express their opinions and ask questions.
- The Company's policy to facilitate and encourage shareholders to attend and participate at the shareholders' meeting has been established and posted on its website.
- The Company shall post meeting documents and meeting notices in both Thai and English languages on its website at least 30 days prior to the meeting date so that the shareholders can study the information for the meeting in advance.
- The Company shall ensure that shareholders have the opportunity to ask questions and shall record important issues raised by the shareholders and explanation of the Board as well as recording clearly the number of affirmative votes, negative votes, and abstained votes, in the meeting minutes, once having votes in any respective agenda. Two shareholders are invited to act as witness in the counting of votes, and VDO has been recorded during the meeting until the meeting finishes.
- The Company shall disclose the resolutions together with voting result through the SET online system within the next day after the meeting date.
- The Company shall post a draft minutes of the shareholders' meeting on the Company's website within 14 days of the completion of the meeting. The shareholders may inspect the correctness and may make objection if necessary without having to wait until the next meeting to do so.
- The Company participates in SET Opportunity Day, arranged by the Stock Exchange of Thailand. The objective of the event is to provide an opportunity for listed companies to carry out investor relations activities and to clarify information about the business and operations to security analysts, investors and the media who attending the event. The Company always joins the activity at least once a year.

(3) Prevention of use of inside information

To prevent directors and executives from using inside information for personal gains and disclose it to outside parties, the Company sets the following rules:-

- Executives shall report their holding of LST's shares and report change of holding to the SEC according to section 59 of the Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535 within 3 days of the transaction date and handing copy thereof to the Company Secretary as well as report shareholding to the Board every quarter. Future change of law (if any) shall also enforceable.

"Executives" means directors, managers or first 4 management officers ranking immediately below the Managing Director. This shall include management level of accounting or finance officers or equivalence who have the duty to prepare and file report of shareholding in his own name, spouse and minor child to the SEC.
- Directors, executives, managers and employees who have access to inside information shall be prohibited from disclosing such information to outside parties who has no duty involving the Company.
- Directors, executives, managers and employees who have access to inside information shall refrain from buying and selling Company's shares starting from the end of accounting period (quarter-end or year-end) until two days after the date of financial statements being disclosed.
- Directors and executives shall notify the Company Secretary about their transaction (buy and sell) of the Company's shares at least 1 day before the transaction date and notify SEC within 3 business days after transaction date as specified by the Securities and Exchange Act.
- Directors, executives, managers and employees shall be prohibited from using inside information that may materially affect the LST share price, which has not yet disclosed to the public, for personal gains and/or persuading other persons to buy or sell LST shares. The Company shall take action against violation of the rule which shall be punishable by law.

(4) Approval of transaction containing conflict of interest

Directors, executives, or other persons, who enter into related party transaction or transaction containing potential conflict of interest and transaction regarding acquisition or disposal of material assets as defined by the Notifications of the SEC and the SET which are in force on the date of such transaction, shall strictly follow the Notifications. The Company has set the criteria to approve the transaction as follows:-

- (1) Person with interest or potential conflict of interest shall refrain from approving such related transaction;
- (2) The price or compensation for such transaction shall be under normal business terms and conditions with the benefit of the Company as the main consideration;
- (3) The Audit and Corporate Governance Committee shall review and give opinion prior to the transaction. If the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee has no expertise in the matter, the Company shall arrange to have independent expert to give opinion to the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee which will be used to review the matter before submitting to the Board and the shareholders' meeting for approval.

- (4) The Company shall disclose the transaction according to the rule and procedure set out by the SEC and the SET.

(5) Responsibility towards stakeholders

(5.1) Role of Stakeholders

The Company has a policy that recognises the rights and interests of all groups of stakeholders whether they are employees, shareholders, creditors, customers, trade-counterparts, competitors, community and society. The expectations of one group of stakeholders may be different from another group. Therefore, the Company shall ensure that the rights of each group will be protected according to relevant laws and handled carefully and with sensitivity. Procedures are stated as the Company's policy namely Policy and Practice toward stakeholders, and published on the Company's website as follows:-

- Policy and Practice toward shareholders
- Policy and Practice toward customers
- Policy and Practice toward business partners
- Policy and Practice toward competitors
- Policy and Practice toward creditors
- Policy and Practice toward employees
- Policy and Practice toward community, society, and environment
- Policy and Practice toward human-right respect
- Policy and Practice toward the intellectual property and copyright
- Policy and practice towards quality, safety, and occupational health
- Policy and Practice toward anti-corruption and bribery

Furthermore, the Company has implemented various standards from the quality management system to enhance focusing on role of stakeholders such as:-

- **ISO 9001** is the Quality Management System (QMS) which governs the design, production development, installation and service in order to assure the quality. This system ensures all processes have been controlled and inspected by documentation indicating working procedure.
- **GHPs** is the system of good manufacturing practice which is to assure the quality of food and the safety for consumption. The system covers all process starting from the location of manufacturer, factory structure, good and quality manufacturing system to meet the standard of each step such as production planning, the control of raw materials during the process and then finished products, storage, quality control and transportation to consumers. In addition, there is the inspection, monitoring of the product quality and having a good system of hygiene.
- **Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP)** is the system to control and monitor food safety standards in every production process in order to prevent hazards and contaminants in food during the production process.

- **ISO 45001** is the standard for occupational health and safety management systems in workplace. It is the method to control and reduce hazard and risks from working that affect health, life and properties.
- **Food Safety System Certification 22000 (FSSC 22000)** is a globally recognised high standard that concerns the quality assurance and food safety. It ensures the consumer's confidence and emphasise the sustainable business growth, covering both systems of ISO 22000 and ISO/TS 22002-1.
- **ISO 14001** is the environment management system. This globally recognised standard has objective for enhancing the awareness of the importance for environmental management together with business development focusing on preventing pollution and protecting the environment.
- **Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO)** is the standard for the sustainable palm oil production taking into recognition of the impacts on stakeholders especially the forest as being the source of water. This standard applies throughout the supply chain from upstream to producers.
- **Thai Labour-standard (TLS 8001)** is the rule and practices in relation with the labour employment and working conditions such as wages, working hours, holidays and work safety.

The Company conducts its activities with the concern of safety, health and environment. Management and employees at all levels have committed to carry out their functions with responsibility.

In 2023, there were 8 cases of working accident but no employees of the Company suffered serious injury or death in workplace.

(5.2) To disclose information on the interest of directors, executives, and related persons

In order for the Board to make decision based on the common benefit of the Company and to have directors, executives who have transaction with interest involving the Company business to comply with the Notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board no. Tor Jor. 2/2552 re: Reporting of interest of directors, executives and related persons, the Company sets the following rules:-

- Directors, Executives and related persons who have transaction with interest in relation to management of the Company or its subsidiary with the value of 1 million Baht or more, or 0.03% of the Net Tangible Assets (NTA) of the Company or its subsidiary, whichever amount is higher, shall file a report to the Company Secretary, according to the report form, within 7 business days from the date of transaction. Every time when there is a change of the transaction, such change must be reported within 7 business days from the date of change.
- The Company Secretary shall submit a copy of the report on interest under paragraph 1 to the Chairman of the Board and Chairman of the Audit and

Corporate Governance Committee within 7 business days from the date of receipt of such report.

- Directors and Executives who have interest in any meeting agenda item which is under consideration shall not participate in making decision and shall leave the meeting room. The Company will not send document related to the said agenda to such interested persons.
- The Company shall disclose such interest in the annual registration statement/annual report (Form 56-1 One Report).

(5.3) Nurture Innovation and Responsible Business

The Board of Directors prioritises and promotes research & technology development and innovation that create value for the business together with the benefits for its customers, other stakeholders, society, and the environment, in support of sustainable growth of the Company. The Board also supervises the management to allocate and manage resources efficiently and effectively throughout all aspects of the value chain to enable the Company to meet its objectives with sustainability.

(5.4) Measure of redress and damage compensation

If the Board of Directors determines that a stakeholder has suffered damages from any violation of law by the Company, the Board shall take steps to redress the problem as soon as possible as well as finding measure to prevent recurrence of the problem. Appropriate compensation will be given to the person suffered from violation of law.

(5.5) Measure of Cyber Security

The Company realises the importance of Cyber Security; therefore, the Company takes preventive measures and plans for cyber-attack to raise awareness among employees and reduce the possibility of being attacked, for example training programs on cyber threats are regularly conducted as well as cyber risk alert being notified.

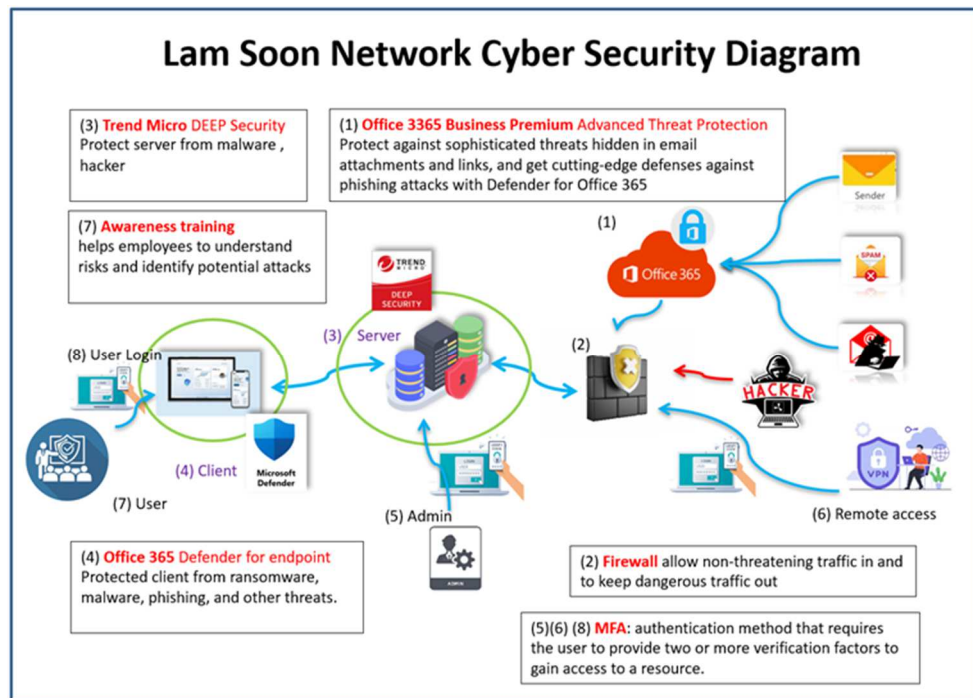
Additionally, the study of potential cyber-crime attacks, monitoring, and assessment of possible IT risks and cyber threats are regularly conducted. Such measurements have been able to improve cyber security and establish effective plans.

The current Cyber Security System of the Company is prepared to respond to the cyber-attacks as follows:

- Protect the information with advanced capabilities with anti-malware and anti-spam filtering to protects mailboxes.
- Protect against attacks on all devices and trigger alert if there is any potential risk.
- Secure backup system which can be reused if damaged.
- Prevent attacks and access to network from unauthorised and malicious sources
- Require multi-factor authentication for all users to safeguard the organization's data and applications

- Enhance employees’ knowledge, skills, and awareness of IT safety practices for the use of computers and data to avoid viruses, malware or cyberattacks

The structure of the Cyber Security System could be shown as follows.



(6) Anti-corruption action and measures

(6.1) Anti-Corruption Policy

The Company Group has announced an official anti-corruption policy which was reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors. The details are as follows:

“Directors, management, and employees of the Group are prohibited from requesting, performing or accepting corruption in any form, whether directly or indirectly. This shall be applicable to all business units of the Group. Regular reviews on compliance with the anti-corruption policy shall be made, as well as reviews on implementation to ensure compliance with the policy, practices, regulations, rules, notifications, and laws. In case of breach of the policy, any act considered as facilitative to, or implicated in corruption, shall be subject to penalties as stipulated by the Group policies.”

Communication and public relation activities under anti-corruption policy including complaint/suggestion making and whistle-blowing channels are carried out via both internal and external media e.g. electronic mail, announcement, the Group’s website, annual registration statement / annual report (Form 56-1 One Report), orientation for directors and employees including arranging a discussion on yearly basis to ensure mutual understanding among employees. Such policy is complied with the law of Thailand for the actions against corruption.

The risk management committee will assess potential fraud risks. In the event that such risks arise, the risks will be reported to the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee and the Board of Directors.

(6.2) Practice towards oversight and control for safeguarding and monitoring the corruption risk

The Company establishes the practice towards oversight and control for safeguarding and monitoring the corruption risk summarised as follows:-

1. To provide internal control system, internal audit function, and risk management covering key business functions such as accounting, payment, procurement in order to prevent and monitor the corruption risk as well as to recommend any appropriate solutions
2. To put in place complaint-making and whistle-blowing channels, covering complaint-filing, verification, and summary of findings, together with protection of the complainants and related parties. The purpose is to handle complaints, comments, or suggestions from stakeholders that are affected or potentially affected by the Group's business or conduct of its directors, executives, or employees resulting from law-breaking or violation of the code of conduct, as well as suspected corrupt practices.

The Group will keep their complaints confidential and not disclose them to unrelated parties except when required by law.

Those with knowledge of complaints or related information must maintain confidentiality and not disclose it except when required by law. If this is intentionally violated, the Group will punish them under its regulations or the law, or both, as seen fit.

3. Executives in each unit are responsible for monitoring the progress of the complaint and report to the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee and the Board of Directors for acknowledgement.

(7) Ensure Disclosure and Financial Integrity

(7.1) Disclosure and Transparency

The Company recognises the importance of timely disclosure of information that shareholders may use for their investment decision as well as decision in exercise their votes at the shareholders' meeting. The Company periodically assesses the efficiency of information disclosure. The following information is regularly disclosed.

- Disclosure of the following in Thai and English and update of the information in the Company's website
 - Principles of Good Corporate Governance
 - Policy and Practice toward stakeholders including environment policy; anti-corruption policy; quality, safety, and occupational

- health policy etc.
 - Code of Business Conduct
 - Nature of Business
 - Business Structure
 - Shareholder Structure
 - Structure of the Board of Directors
 - Vision/Mission
 - Articles of Association
 - Annual registration statement / annual report (Form 56-1 One Report)
 - Financial Statements
 - Shareholders' Meeting notices and meeting documents
 - Minutes of the Shareholders' Meetings
 - News published by the Company
- Periodically submit accurate, complete, and timely information to the SET and the SEC such as Financial Statements, annual registration statement / annual report (Form 56-1 One Report)
 - News on important changes which may have material impact on the share price according to the regulations of the SET
 - The Board of Directors assumes the responsibility for the accuracy, completeness and timely manner of the Company's financial reporting and information disclosure in accordance with relevant guidelines including rules and generally accepted accounting standards with appropriate accounting policies which are applied and consistently conformed. The report shall be audited by an external auditor and reviewed by the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee to ensure that sufficient disclosure is made and it can reflect the Company's financial status and operating performance.
 - The Executive Directors shall be responsible for communicating with investors both individual and institutional, shareholders, security analysts and relevant government sectors. Information can be requested from Tel: 02-361 8959-70 or Fax: 02-361 8988-9 or by email: company.secretary@lamsoon.co.th or through the Company's website.

(7.2) Financial Liquidity and Solvency

The Board of Directors assigns the management to regularly monitor and evaluate the Company's financial status and report to the Board of Directors on regular basis. The Board of Directors and the management will ensure that any potential threats to the Company's financial liquidity and solvency are promptly addressed and remedied.

The Company emphasises its trustworthiness and therefore, strictly conforms with conditions and agreements made with creditors in order to create reliability. The Company always pays all interest and principle accurately, timely, and completely. Also, the Company shall not use loans proceeds in the way that is contrary to its objectives nor conceal any information that may be harmful to creditors.

In the event that the Company is unable to comply with any condition of an agreement, the Company will immediately inform the creditor so as to find a

reasonable and mutually-acceptable solution. The Company strives to maintain good relationships and mutual trust with creditors. However, the Company has controlled the capital management at appropriate level to prevent the Company from experiencing difficulties in repaying creditors. There is also a liquidity management on debt repayment to meet the maturity in a timely manner. The management is responsible for planning, monitoring and controlling the financial position of business sector to cover the significant risks under either normal circumstances or crisis.

6.2 Code of Business Conduct

The Company recognises that following code of conduct on the part of executives and employees is necessary for the sustainability and achievement of the Company in the long term. The Company believes that the code of business conduct is a basic foundation for promoting and upgrading good corporate governance. The Company has updated its code of business conduct as a codification of good behaviour patterns which have been approved by the Board of Directors and announced to all directors, executives and employees. The Company has subsequently monitored the compliance to the code strictly and regularly.

Code of Business Conduct was first compiled in officially written format in 2009. The Board of Directors Meeting No.6/2023 on 10 November 2023 approved to revise and update Code of Business Conduct as the second revision (R.02) which was updated in accordance with the current situation and in line with the new guidelines for good corporate governance including guidelines for sustainable development.

The Company has disclosed the Code of Business Conduct on the Company's website : <https://lamsoon.co.th/wp-content/uploads/2024/03/LST-CODE-OF-BUSINESS-CONDUCT-Booklet-EN-11032024ver.Final .pdf>

The Company also discloses other policies including:-

- Sustainability Policy
- Social responsibility and labour Policy
- Safety, Health and Environment Policy
- Energy Management Policy
- Food Quality and Safety Policy
- Halal food quality Policy
- Laboratory Quality Policy

In addition, the Board of Directors defined the Company's objectives and goals to promote sustainable value creation in the form of the Company's vision, mission, business goal and strategy and corporate culture, including encouraging the communication among personnel at every level to move forward the Company in the same direction. Furthermore, the Board of Directors monitors and ensures that the Company's strategies are put into practice. At least once a year, the Board of Directors follows up on the management performance and requires that there must be a report on the Company's operation and business performance, especially the performance against financial targets and action plans, to make sure that the established strategies are being accomplished.

Vision

Be the leading food and food-related Company with sustainable growth and development

Mission

1. Manufacturing and distributing high quality and nutritious food product together with innovative production to fulfill customer requirements as well as providing the best services and building capacity which is able to be competitive in the future;
2. Employing advanced technology with international management system as well as taking care of the environment, communities, and society;
3. Building trust and confidence toward our customers, and allocate compensation or dividend to shareholders, and other stakeholders appropriately. Moreover, healthy, safety, and welfare of all employees are always taken into highly consideration

Corporate Culture

- 1) **Accountability** : Being responsible of assigned duties and work together towards a common goal
- 2) **“Can-do” attitude** : Having a positive attitude, being enthusiastic and motivated, and working with happiness and enjoyment
- 3) **Teamwork** : Being reliable, communicate openly and work together by taking into account the best result
- 4) **Continuous improvement** : Striving to improve working procedure and exploring new method to develop products and services
- 5) **Take care of people** : Being a caregiver, having senses of fairness and equality and creating work-life balance

For more details, please refer to website :

https://lamsoon.co.th/wp-content/uploads/2022/12/cg_6_lst_th_2022.pdf (for Thai)

https://lamsoon.co.th/wp-content/uploads/2023/03/cg_6_lst_en_2022.pdf (for English)

Business Goal and Strategy

The Company commits to achieving the business goal with transparency awareness, ethical integrities, respect for human rights, sustaining well-being communities and the environment, and applying superior technology advantage to increase production efficiency and promote the marketplace and environmental friendliness. All these orientations are vital in attaining the topmost organisation targets i.e. the Company’s values, the stakeholder benefits, and consistently contributing to shareholders’ wealth in the longer term.

6.3 Material changes and developments regarding policy, guidelines and corporate governance system in the preceding year

6.3.1 The Implementation of Corporate Governance Code for Listed Companies

The Company has reviewed the Corporate Governance Policy, developed from the 2012 Good Corporate Governance Principles for listed Companies in aligning with the guideline set by the Stock Exchange of Thailand, and the 2023 Corporate Governance Criteria for Listed Companies as prescribed by Thai Institute of Directors (IOD). After consideration, the Board of Directors founded that the Company has adopted most principles that are suitable for the Company's business.

The Company received a score of **96%** according to the Corporate Governance Report of Thai Listed Companies for 2023 evaluated by IOD.



6.3.2 CG Code that has not adopted

However, there are some principles that the Company has not adopted or put into practice, which the management clarified the reasons at the Board Meeting to adjust and ensure the suitability for the Company's business at the next step. The key non-conformed principles are included as follows:-

Principles not exercised	Reasons for not exercising
1. Role of stakeholders and sustainable business development	
To set and disclose the energy management goals including water resources, waste control and/or pollution reduction, and greenhouse gas emissions reduction from business operations in terms of quantity and percentage.	Under process
2. Board responsibilities	
To set a policy that independent directors can continually assume director positions for not longer than 9 years since the date of the first appointment, without any exceptions.	<p>Every Director has knowledge, capability, experience and an understanding in the business operation, with independence in expressing opinions deemed beneficial for the Company.</p> <p>The experience of Directors from long-term tenure will support them to understand the Company's operation which has the particular nature of business.</p>
The Company should not have independent directors that assume director positions for longer than 9 years.	<p>Every Director has knowledge, capability, experience and an understanding in the business operation, with independence in expressing opinions deemed beneficial for the Company.</p> <p>The experience of Directors from long-term tenure will support them to understand the Company's operation which has the particular nature of business.</p>
To consider the appointment of the Sustainable Development Committee consisting of at least one director and disclose the Charter or its roles and duties.	Completed in 2023
Sustainable Development Committee to prepare and publish SD report that fully disclose the results of its performances.	Under process